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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/643,912	08/23/2000	Kiyoshi Asami	001062	9494	
38834 75	590 04/15/2005		EXAM	EXAMINER	
WESTERMAN, HATTORI, DANIELS & ADRIAN, LLP 1250 CONNECTICUT AVENUE. NW			NGUYEN, TU MINH		
SUITE 700			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
WASHINGTO	ASHINGTON, DC 20036		3748		
•			DATE MAIL ED. 04/15/200	_	

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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	09/643,912	- ASAMI ET AL.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Tu M. Nguyen	3748					
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence addres	is				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RETHE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFF after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication - If the period for reply specified above, the maximum statutory perion for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by standard patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	N. R 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply within the statutory minimum of thir riod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MOI atute, cause the application to become Al	reply be timely filed ty (30) days will be considered timely. NTHS from the mailing date of this commu BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	nication.				
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 1	7 February 2005.						
· ·							
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the ments is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims							
4) Claim(s) 5 and 8 is/are pending in the applied 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with the state of the above claim(s) is/are allowed. 5) Claim(s) 5 and 8 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and state of the applied is/are pending in the applied is/are with applied is/are with a state of the applied is/are with a state of the applied is/are pending in the applied is/are with a state of the applied is/are with a state of the applied is/are with a state of the applied is/are pending in the applied is/are with a state of the applied is/are allowed.	drawn from consideration.						
Application Papers							
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Exam 10)☒ The drawing(s) filed on 23 August 2000 is/a Applicant may not request that any objection to Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the cor 11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the	re: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ ol the drawing(s) be held in abeya rection is required if the drawing	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). (s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.	` '				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docum 2. Certified copies of the priority docum 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority docum application from the International But * See the attached detailed Office action for a	ents have been received. Tents have been received in Appriority documents have been reau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No received in this National Stag	je				
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) [] Intension (Summary (PTO-413)					
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB Paper No(s)/Mail Date 	Paper No(s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application (PTO-152	?)				

DETAILED ACTION

1. An Applicant's Amendment filed on February 17, 2004 has been entered. Overall, claims 5 and 8 are pending in this application.

Applicant argues that Kojima fails to disclose or render obvious a clutch in the power distributing mechanism. This argument is not persuasive, however, the examiner decides to apply a secondary reference. Therefore, the previous office action is hereby withdrawn and a new office action is set forth below.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office Action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 5 and 8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kojima (U.S. Patent 6,253,866) in view of Tsukamoto et al. (U.S. Patent 5,771,478).

Re claim 5, as illustrated in Figures 1-2, Kojima discloses a catalyst warming control apparatus for a hybrid vehicle asserting control over the vehicle both when the vehicle is moving and when the vehicle is standing still, having an internal combustion engine (1), a generator (3) for generating electric power from an output of the internal combustion engine, a power storage unit (6) for storing electric power generated by the generator, and an electric motor (2) driven by

the electric power stored in the power storage unit, the hybrid vehicle being driven by at least one of the internal combustion engine and the motor, the catalyst warming control apparatus comprising:

- a power distributing mechanism (4) for distributing a rotary force to the generator (3) and a rotary shaft (2a) of the electric motor (2);
- a coolant temperature detector (17) for detecting an engine temperature of the internal combustion engine (1);
 - a temperature detector (15) for detecting the temperature of a catalyst;
- a first comparison circuit (step S202) for comparing the detected engine temperature with a preset first reference value;
- a control circuit (23, 24) for allowing the generator to generate electric power and to store the power in the power storage unit when the internal combustion engine is driven, and when the detected engine temperature is below the first reference value (step S202 with YES answer, step S204 with NO answer, step S205, step S206 with YES answer, and step S207; also see at least line 57 of column 8 to line 50 of column 9 and line 61 of column 10 to line 32 of column 11);
- a remaining charge detector (16) for detecting a remaining charge of the power storage unit; and
- a second comparison circuit (lines 42-51 of column 7) for comparing the detected result from the remaining charge detector with a preset second reference value relating to the remaining charge,

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wherein the control circuit drives the vehicle by the output from the internal combustion engine, engages the power distributing mechanism, and allows the generator to generate electric power and to store the power in the power storage unit, when the detected result from the temperature detector is below the first reference value according to the output from the first comparison circuit, and when the detected result from the remaining charge detector is equal to or below the second reference value relating to the remaining charge according to the output from the second comparison circuit (see lines 1-25 of column 9); and

wherein the control circuit allows the generator to generate electric power, disengages the power distributing mechanism, and drives the vehicle by the generated electric power and stores the electric power, when the detected result from the temperature detector is below the first reference value according to the output from the first comparison circuit, and when the detected result from the remaining charge detector is above the second reference value relating to the remaining charge according to the output from the second comparison circuit (see lines 1-33 of column 9).

As indicated on line 62 of column 5 to line 6 of column 6, the power distributing mechanism (4) in Kojima is constructed of a planetary gear with a rotary shaft of the planetary gear linked to the engine output shaft (1a), a ring gear with a rotary shaft of the ring gear connected to the rotary shaft (2a) of the electric motor (2), and a sun gear with a rotary shaft of the sun gear connected to the generator (3). Thus, the power distributing mechanism clearly has a function of distributing or transmitting a rotary force or power from at least one of the shafts of the engine and the electric motor to the generator.

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Kojima, however, fails to specifically disclose that the power distributing mechanism comprises a clutch for performing the connection or disconnection of the transmission of the power between the generator connected to the engine and to the motor.

As shown in Figures 1-3, Tsukamoto et al. teach that it is conventional in the art to utilize a clutch (CL) to perform the connection or disconnection of the transmission of the power between the generator (M1) connected to the engine (11) and to the motor (M1) for a hybrid vehicle with a planetary gear box (16). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made, to have utilized the clutch taught by Tsukamoto et al. in the power distributing mechanism of Kojima, since the use thereof would have been routinely practiced by those with ordinary skill in the art.

Re claim 8, in the apparatus of Kojima, the control circuit allows the generator to generate electric power, and drives the vehicle by the motor, when the detected result from the temperature detector is below the first reference value according to the output from the first comparison circuit, and when the detected result from the remaining charge detector is above the second reference value relating to the remaining charge according to the output from the second comparison circuit (see lines 1-33 of column 9).

Response to Arguments

4. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 5 and 8 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

5. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office Action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Prior Art

6. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure and consists of two patents: Taniguchi et al. (U.S. Patent 5,846,155) and Nagano et al. (U.S. Patent 6,155,364) further disclose a state of the art.

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Communication

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Examiner Tu Nguyen whose telephone number is (571) 272-4862.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Mr. Thomas E. Denion, can be reached on (571) 272-4859. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

TMN

April 14, 2005

Tu M. Nguyen

Tu M. Nguyen

Primary Examiner

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